## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A conductor pattern comprising:
- a plurality of straight lines; and
- a plurality of corners connected to the plurality of straight lines;

wherein a bottom surface cross-sectional width of the conductor pattern is not larger than a top surface cross-sectional width thereof, and

a bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is larger than a bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of straight lines.

- 2. A conductor pattern according to Claim 1, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is at least about 1.07 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of corners.
- 3. A conductor pattern according to Claim 1, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is at least about 1.5 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of corners.
- 4. A conductor pattern according to Claim 1, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the

plurality of straight lines is at least about 0.67 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of straight lines.

- 5. A conductor pattern according to Claim 1, wherein the conductor pattern is made of photo-sensitive conductive paste.
  - 6. An electronic component comprising:
  - a substrate; and
- at least one conductor pattern disposed on the substrate, the at least one conductor pattern including a plurality of straight lines and a plurality of corners connected to the plurality of straight lines;

wherein a bottom surface cross-sectional width of the conductor pattern is not larger than a top surface cross-sectional width thereof, and

- a bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is larger than a bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of straight lines.
- 7. An electronic component according to Claim 6, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is at least about 1.07 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of corners.

- 8. An electronic component according to Claim 6, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is at least about 1.5 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of corners.
- 9. An electronic component according to Claim 6, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of straight lines is at least about 0.67 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of straight lines.
- 10. An electronic component according to Claim 6, wherein the conductor pattern is made of photo-sensitive conductive paste.
- 11. A method of forming a conductor comprising the steps of:

forming a photo-sensitive conductive paste on a surface of a substrate;

exposing the photosensitive conductive paste;

developing the photosensitive conductive paste; and

burning the photo-sensitive conductive paste to produce

a conductor including a plurality of straight lines and a

plurality of corners connected to the plurality of straight

lines, wherein a bottom surface cross-sectional width of the conductor pattern is not larger than a top surface cross-sectional width thereof, and a bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is larger than a bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of straight lines.

- 12. The method according to claim 11, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is at least about 1.07 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of corners.
- 13. The method according to claim 11, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is at least about 1.5 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of corners.
- 14. The method according to claim 11, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of straight lines is at least about 0.67 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of straight lines.
- 15. The method according to claim 11, wherein the conductor pattern is made of photo-sensitive conductive

paste.

16. A method of forming an electronic component the steps of:

providing a substrate;

forming at least one conductor on the substrate, the step of forming the at least one conductor including the steps of:

forming photo-sensitive conductive paste on a surface of a substrate;

exposing the photosensitive conductive paste;
developing the photosensitive conductive paste; and
burning the photo-sensitive conductive paste to

produce a conductor including a plurality of straight lines

and a plurality of corners connected to the plurality of

straight lines, wherein a bottom surface cross-sectional

width of the conductor pattern is not larger than a top

surface cross-sectional width thereof, and a bottom surface

cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is

larger than a bottom surface cross-sectional width of each

of the plurality of straight lines.

17. The method according to claim 16, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is at least about 1.07 times the

conductor thickness of each of the plurality of corners.

- 18. The method according to claim 16, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of corners is at least about 1.5 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of corners.
- 19. The method according to claim 16, wherein the bottom surface cross-sectional width of each of the plurality of straight lines is at least about 0.67 times the conductor thickness of each of the plurality of straight lines.
- 20. The method according to claim 16, wherein the conductor pattern is made of photo-sensitive conductive paste.